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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/614,301	07/03/2003	Siegfried Wornier	(RPB)P-0121845-V US	8264

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EXAMINER

SAN MARTIN, EDGARDO

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2837

DATE MAILED: 01/18/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Office Action Summary

**Application No.**

10/614,301

**Applicant(s)**

WORNER ET AL.

**Examiner**

Edgardo San Martin

**Art Unit**

2837

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 November 2004.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-7 and 9-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 8 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)   | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                                   | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)             |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### ***Claim Objections***

1. Claims 6, 7 and 20 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim.

Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form.

With respect to claims 6 and 7, the claims depend upon claim 1, which already describe the subject matter of claims 6 and 7 in lines 11 – 16.

With respect to claim 20, the claim depends upon claim 19, which already describes the subject matter of claim 20 in line 1.

2. Applicant is advised that should claim 1 be found allowable, claims 7 and 19 will be objected to under 37 CFR 1.75 as being a substantial duplicate thereof. When two claims in an application are duplicates or else are so close in content that they both cover the same thing, despite a slight difference in wording, it is proper after allowing one claim to object to the other as being a substantial duplicate of the allowed claim. See MPEP § 706.03(k).

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

3. Claims 1 – 4, 6, 7, 9 – 11, 17, 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Sheidler et al. (US 6,662,554).

With respect to claims 1, 6, 7, 9, 19 and 20, Sheidler et al. teach an exhaust gas system for an internal combustion engine, in particular, of a motor vehicle, comprising two mufflers (Fig.2, Items 72 and 76), through which the exhaust gas is able to flow in a parallel fashion, wherein a switching unit (Fig.2, Item 84) is provided which makes it possible to selectively convey the exhaust gas flow of the internal combustion engine only or almost exclusively through the first muffler (Fig.2, Item 76) or only or almost exclusively through the second muffler (Fig.3, Item 72) or through both mufflers (Col.1, Line 61 – Col.2, Line 12 and Col.3, Lines 18 - 42) in a parallel fashion, and wherein the two mufflers are realized differently with respect to their muffling effect or flow resistance (Col.3, Lines 18 – 28); wherein a control device is provided which actuates the switching unit in dependence on the engine load or the speed of the internal combustion engine (Col.3, Lines 43 – 52); wherein the control device actuates the switching unit so the exhaust gas only or predominantly flows through the first muffler in a low speed range, only or predominantly flows through the second muffler in a medium

speed range, and flows through both mufflers in a parallel fashion in an upper speed range (Col.3, Lines 18 - 42).

With respect to claims 2 - 4, Sheidler et al. teach wherein the first muffler has a higher muffling effect than the second muffler; or wherein the second muffler has a lower flow resistance than the first muffler, in this manner providing the first muffler being designed for achieving an optimized muffling effect while the second muffler being designed for achieving an optimized power of the internal combustion engine (Col.1, Line 61 – Col.2, Line 33 and Col.3, Lines 18 - 42).

With respect to claim 10, Sheidler et al. teach wherein two parallel exhaust gas pipe assemblies (Fig.2, Items 62 and 70) are provided, wherein one of the mufflers is respectively arranged in each exhaust gas pipe assembly, and wherein the exhaust gas pipe assemblies are connected to one another in a communicating fashion upstream of the mufflers (Fig.2, Item 56).

With respect to claim 11, Sheidler et al. teach wherein both exhaust gas pipe assemblies branch off a common master pipe (Fig.2, Item 54) that is connected to the internal combustion engine.

With respect to claim 17, Sheidler et al. teach wherein the first muffler and the second muffler are respectively considered to be rear mufflers with respect to the structure of the vehicle.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 5, 15 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sheidler et al. (US 6,662,554) in view of Galaitsis (US 6,454,047).

With respect to claim 5, Sheidler et al. teach the limitations discussed in a previous rejection, but fail to explicitly disclose the first muffler is designed for muffling low frequencies while the second muffler is designed for muffling high frequencies.

On the other hand, Galaitsis teaches an exhaust gas system comprising two mufflers wherein the first muffler could be designed for muffling low frequencies while the second muffler could be designed for muffling high frequencies (Fig.3; Col.8, Lines 52 – 67).

It would have been obvious to a person with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to designed each of the Sheidler et al. muffler to perform at a particular frequency range as taught by Galaitsis because as disclosed by Galaitsis it would be an obvious matter of design choice dependent upon a desired result.

With respect to claim 15, Galaitsis teaches wherein the switching unit contains two switching elements (Fig.3, Items 320A<sub>1</sub> and 320B<sub>1</sub>) that are respectively assigned to the first and the second muffler (Fig.3, Items 310A and 310B) and designed for opening or closing the exhaust gas path leading to the assigned muffler.

With respect to claim 16, Galaitis teaches wherein the two switching elements (Fig.3, Items 320A<sub>2</sub> and 320B<sub>2</sub>) are respectively integrated into the first and the second muffler (Fig.3, Items 310A and 310B).

5. Claims 12 – 14 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sheidler et al. (US 6,662,554) in view of Flugger US (5,351,481).

With respect to claim 12, Sheidler et al. teach the limitations discussed in a previous rejection, but fail to disclose both exhaust gas pipe assemblies being separately connected to the internal combustion engine and contain a common mixing chamber between the internal combustion engine and the mufflers, wherein the two exhaust gas pipe assemblies communicate with one another via the mixing chamber.

Nevertheless, Flugger teaches an exhaust gas system comprising two exhaust gas pipe assemblies (Fig.1, Items 38 and 40) and two mufflers (Fig.1, Items 54 and 56), wherein both exhaust gas pipe assemblies being separately connected to an internal combustion engine (Fig.1, Item 20) and contain a common mixing chamber (Fig.1, Item 50) between the internal combustion engine and the mufflers, wherein the two exhaust gas pipe assemblies communicate with one another via the mixing chamber (Col.3, Line 55 – Col.4, Line 9).

It would have been obvious to a person with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to employ the Flugger exhaust gas pipe assemblies configuration with the Sheidler et al. design because it would increase the engine horsepower and torque, performance, brake torque and horsepower over a wide range of engine operating speeds.

With respect to claim 13, Flugger teaches wherein a third muffler (Fig.1, Item 50) is provided, wherein the two exhaust gas pipe assemblies communicate with one another in this third muffler (Col.3, Line 55 – Col.4, Line 9).

With respect to claim 14, the obvious combination of the patents to Sheidler et al. and Flugger teach wherein the switching unit is integrated into the third muffler.

With respect to claim 18, the obvious combination of the patents to Sheidler et al. and Flugger teach wherein the third muffler is considered to be a central muffler or a front muffler with respect to the structure of the vehicle and the location of the first and second mufflers.

#### ***Allowable Subject Matter***

6. Claim 8 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### ***Response to Arguments***

7. Applicant's arguments filed on November 21, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The Examiner still considers that the patent to Sheidler et al. and in obvious combination with the patents to Galaitsis and Flugger teach the claim subject matter as discussed above. With respect to claims 1, 6, 7 and 19, the Examiner considers that since the language employed to describe the claimed subject matter established the option of actuating the switching unit so that the exhaust gas only or



predominantly flows through an specific muffler, the patent to Sheidler et al. teach this limitation on column 3, lines 18 – 28, as discussed above.

The Examiner reminds the applicant that allowable subject matter is indicated.

### ***Conclusion***

8. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

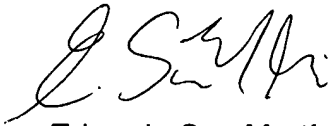
A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

### ***Contact Information***

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Edgardo San Martin whose telephone number is (571) 272-2074. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00AM - 5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Martin can be reached on (571) 272-2107. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).



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January 11, 2005